



# Finding Your Place

# **An Evolving Industry**

- Not small family businesses anymore.
- Agribusiness is embracing technology.
- Children are entering the family business at much later life stages.

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## **An Evolving Industry**

- Participants have greater exposure to pre-farm tertiary education.
- Increased focus on up skilling.
- Increased availability and use of; professional advisors and industry organisations.

### **Regulatory Challenges**

The farm enterprise faces increasing challenges:

- Criminality of OH & S liability for the reckless/deliberate disregard of workplace safety.
- Regulation of conditions of farm employees' entitlements and dismissals.

#### **Legal Challenges**

- Succession planning with expanding interpretations of Family Provision obligations and principles relating to equitable claims.
- Divorce and its effect of the viability of farming enterprises.

- navigating my way through someone else's world.
- challenges of living and working in proximity with extended family.
- being asked to compromise more often than is fair.

- establishing my own identity.
- setting barriers and guidelines between business and private matters, whilst contributing to a generational business.
- an opportunity to use my skills in advancing the farm.

- learning to politely listen, respectfully disagree if necessary; and then moving forward as a family unit.
- creating an environment where good family communication can take place.

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- its about gaining the trust of family.
- backing your partner and telling them how incredible they have been and not letting them underestimate their contribution to me and the business.

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#### Co-CEO's?

#### Old CEO model replaced with:

- Working together with a joint vision.
- Identifying different strengths and utilising these effectively.
- Allocating <u>or</u> sharing duties and responsibilities according to skill sets.

#### **Better Together**

- Benefit of different approaches and thinking.
- Sharing the management demands of the farming business.
- Early identification of 'burnout' and managing mental, emotional and physical exhaustion.

#### **Finding Your Place Is Generational**

- Step 1 Parents run business.
- Step 2 Child joins business and needs to find their place (FTP).
- Step 3 Child's partner joins business and needs to FTP.
- Step 4 Parents transition to retirement and need to FTP again.
- Step 5 Child and partner are now "the parents".

## **Finding Your Place**

- Its everyone all the time so have a plan.
- Plan that contemplates how stakeholders 'find their place' is a family moral obligation.

#### **Finding A Place**

- Stakeholder agreement consider both management and succession.
- Often include deeds of family arrangement, Wills and partnership and/or shareholder agreements.

## Finding A Place/Succession

- Proforma agreements are guides to start you on the way to a 'fit for purpose' agreement.
- Stakeholders determine the business guidelines adopted, the rules to facilitate communication and how decision making takes place to suit your circumstances.

#### **Stakeholder Agreements**

- Identify:
  - Who is responsible for what?
  - Who third parties communicate with and are accountable to (particularly employees).
  - > How and when farm enterprise funds are accessed.

### **Stakeholders Agreement**

- > Authority to contract.
- > Employment contracts?
- > KPI's for stakeholders?
- > Dispute resolution provisions.
- Succession goals initially and then binding formal succession plans over time.

#### **Succession**

- Implement from day one with a timeline (trigger points) for review.
- Avoid delaying for the future 'one big succession plan' as stakeholder expectations may become misaligned.

#### **Succession**

- Don't overlook when negotiating, the valid concern of parents as to what is/will be "their place".
- They also are likely to have ongoing similar concerns as child/partner on farm, how to ensure all their children are provided for.

1. Planning	2. Assess	3. Prepare	5. Transition	6. Measure
Stakeholders goals - Are we aligned?  Communicate openly	Identify roles	Prepare successors for transition by providing resources for improving skills.	Be open to discussing concerns with process	Tweak the plan if necessary, but within the bounds of the agreement
Set realistic goals/strategy/ti meline for progress.	Assess competencies and honestly evaluate performance and potential	Reconsider goals, strategy and timelines to confirm if viable.	Implement the Plan, which may include beginning to transition successor to new roles	
Review farm business structures and understand them.	Analyse how to address shortfalls in competencies or skills	Formalise the Stakeholders agreement and succession plan if appropriate		

#### **Succession Planning Best Practices**

- 1. Ensure successors have option of accessing independent advisors to improve their knowledge and protect their interests
- 2. Identify competencies required and identify if any weaknesses in skills/personality.
- 3. Create development plans for successors
- 4. Hold people accountable
- 5. Define metrics to verify performance, progress
- 6. Have a formal succession plan
- 7. Review and update plan if necessary

- Involves ongoing honest disclosure of expectations by all parties from the outset.
- Requires informed decision making by all stakeholders.

Stakeholders need to understand the business structure and consider:

- Is assuming liabilities but not control, equitable?
- Asset protection.
- Personal director liability.
- Trustee personal liability.

- Effect of Trust UPE's.
- Partnerships:
  - Joint and severable liability;
  - Effect on partnership drawings on death;
  - > Benefits of a partnership deed.
- Is business structure tax effect?

- Finding your place may ultimately mean leaving the farm or splitting from it.
- It's a moral obligation of parents that leave children in a joint business structure, to provide an exit strategy.

#### **Getting Better at Succession?**

- Current generation is far better equipped than previous generations to address farm succession.
- However, often past succession failures whilst not forgotten, are repeated.

#### **Causes of Succession Failure**

- Failure to manage expectations initially and on an ongoing basis.
- Arises from compromises made because:
  - Don't want hard conversations;
  - Are dealing with emotions and want to continue the legacy.
  - Personality clashes.

#### **Moving the Goalposts**

- Stakeholders seek to revisit the agreement.
- Often triggered by ill health, age, failure
  of stakeholders to meet expectations or
  the <u>success</u> of farming enterprise.
- Is passive capital growth, windfarms and mining a windfall?

#### **Final Thoughts**

- Be wary of advisor who purport to act for all parties but does not acknowledge the conflict.
- Advisors advise, the stakeholders make the decisions.
- Compromise will have its time and place.
- Stakeholder concerns need to be acknowledged.
- A Stakeholders 'place' is not static.

#### **Finding My Place**

 How do I juggle contributing to the farm business, advancing my career in a regional town, have the 'mum' life and contribute to my local community?

 What is the right amount of time to allocate to each?

### **Finding My Place**

- What is my place at Pacer and how can I continue to contribute, given my new circumstances?
- What is right for me and my family now and how might this change with time?

